

Comments on Q5 (Important Factors to Address Global Environment Issues)

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No.	Name	Region	Country	Affiliation	Age	Q5-1 Key Factors for Addressing Global Environmental Issues	Q5-2 Comments
F033	M. KABINE DOUMBIA	Africa	MALI	NGO/NPO	40s	2. International cooperation and global governance 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition 9. Education and public awareness-raising	The transition to renewable energy helps reduce emissions and strengthen the resilience of communities. Education and awareness-raising are essential for bringing about lasting behavioral change and encouraging the active participation of citizens in environmental protection.
W183	[-]	Asia	CHINA	University or Research Institution	60s	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 4. Technological innovation 8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts 11. Others (please specify)	It is proposed to eliminate extremist religious forces and fascist rule in certain regions, improve internet regulation, and restore freedom of speech.
W008	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	70s and above	2. International cooperation and global governance 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition 11. Others (please specify)	The emergence of aggressive, nationalist leaders in major powers who disregard the international agreements and institutions that have been built up over time leaves little room for optimism. More importantly, the fact that conditions exist in many countries that allow such leaders to gain support is deeply concerning. While it is positive that environmental issues are receiving greater attention, this has coincided with a relative decline in concern for socially disadvantaged people. As a result, those who feel marginalized or cornered are increasingly drawn to seek out “saviors” or “heroes.” Addressing this underlying dynamic is, in my view, particularly crucial.
W014	Izumi Watanabe	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts 9. Education and public awareness-raising	In the short term, the focus may inevitably be on industry and the economy, but this alone is insufficient given the urgency of the situation. Fundamentally, the solution lies in a transformation of awareness among all individuals across the globe, leading to changes in behavior—in other words, a shift in lifestyles. There is no alternative to this. To achieve this, it is essential to rapidly enhance education—encompassing environmental, nature-based, circular, and values-oriented learning. Ultimately, the only actor capable of driving this at the necessary speed and scale is government leadership. I would like to remain hopeful, although I must admit that my doubts outweigh my expectations, which makes me rather pessimistic.
W018	Hiro Yoshi Morita	Asia	Japan	Corporation	40s	2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	Governments can, in fact, do relatively little directly to address global environmental issues. What matters most is securing an appropriate position within the global landscape and, above all, driving changes in corporate behavior, which is responsible for generating substantial environmental impacts. Domestically, however, as narratives tend to take precedence, the trend-driven adoption of certain issues and policy concepts has led to widespread, often unintentional (not ill-intentioned), cherry-picking and greenwashing. As a result, neither companies nor other actors have been able to deliver meaningful, substantive outcomes.
W037	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	40s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts	As related to Question 6, global environmental issues concern social optimization that goes beyond individual actions (individual optimization). Therefore, I believe that, above all, government leadership and the institutional reforms that stem from it are essential. This is not something that can be resolved through private-sector or individual initiatives alone.
W042	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	60s	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 4. Technological innovation 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	Conflicts are currently occurring in various regions around the world, but we cannot afford to be preoccupied with them alone. Market economies are being prioritized, leaving global environmental issues behind. While we are also making efforts toward technological innovation, progress is not going as well as hoped. Unless governments take more proactive measures—such as providing financial support—I believe we may reach an irreversible critical point.
W051	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	60s	8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts 9. Education and public awareness-raising 10. Quality and reliability of the media and information	War brings about immense environmental destruction. But why do wars occur in the first place? One reason is that fewer people are cultivating a grounding in the humanities—such as history, culture, and philosophy—and the media, which should serve as a watchdog for society, has come to function more like a mouthpiece for the government. Given that we cannot rely on governments or the media, meaningful social transformation—including responses to environmental issues—can only be achieved if individuals take it upon themselves to learn and act.
W054	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	60s	4. Technological innovation 7. Local governance and the role of municipalities 8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts 9. Education and public awareness-raising	Given that we are unable even to reach agreement on the abolition of nuclear weapons, it is quite unrealistic to expect global environmental policies to be driven by market mechanisms alone. The fact that power politics—exercised by countries such as Russia and the United States—remains fundamentally effective has become evident. In light of this, I believe there is no viable option but to shift gradually from global environmental policies based on an assumption of good faith to an approach grounded in pragmatic deal-making, while slowly building international consensus.
W059	Koichiro Oyama	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	70s and above	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 4. Technological innovation	The Japanese government should place greater emphasis on international cooperation. When I attended an Asian forum and listened to perspectives from various countries in the region, several representatives noted that Japanese bureaucrats are frequently rotated between departments every two or three years, making it difficult to build trust. If there is a shortage of administrative staff, researchers should also be enlisted to provide support.

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W067	Nobuaki Kono	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	40s	4. Technological innovation 7. Local governance and the role of municipalities 9. Education and public awareness-raising	Awareness of the SDGs has spread, but in reality, their specific and concrete content is not yet well supported. Most of the activities seen in society—such as adjusting air conditioning, avoiding wasteful spending, or picking up litter—are essentially just rebranded versions of traditional social contribution efforts. I believe that a major part of the problem lies in the education system. What is fundamentally needed is to understand the current challenges that the SDGs are meant to address, as well as to gain a broad, overarching perspective on what solutions already exist in society and to what extent.
W076	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	40s	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts 9. Education and public awareness-raising	Individuals have not been able to break away from energy-intensive lifestyles at all. In fact, the use of AI is accelerating this trend in a negative direction.
W079	Masashi Kuroda	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	40s	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 9. Education and public awareness-raising 10. Quality and reliability of the media and information	I believe it is important to establish new norms for our time in order to correct the modern tendency to prioritize short-sighted economic interests above all else. In the past, religions provided guiding principles for human behavior, but as the gap between religious norms and contemporary society has widened, they have lost their effectiveness and have been replaced by a focus on economic priorities. Alongside the development of environmental technologies, it is necessary to deepen research into new human values that can help restrain “Homo economicus”-type behavior.
W099	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms	Efforts to address global environmental issues cannot be achieved by a single country alone; therefore, greater efforts toward international exchange and mutual understanding are needed.
W116	Naohito Okumura	Asia	Japan	Other	70s and above	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 10. Quality and reliability of the media and information 11. Others (please specify)	As generations that have no experience of world wars take over, there is widespread confusion around the world. The worst-case scenario is large-scale environmental destruction caused by the use of nuclear, chemical, and biological weapons. In addition, the increasing pollution of the oceans by plastics, pesticide contamination, food additive-related pollution, and the spread of drug-resistant viruses are serious concerns. Furthermore, the destruction of biodiversity, nature, and landscapes is also a major issue. In recent years, some activists and overly narrow, exclusive business-driven thinking have been recognized by the general public. Many people around the world who can be considered “wise” feel that large-scale measures are essential for environmental restoration.
W191	Takasei Kusube	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 9. Education and public awareness-raising 11. Others (please specify)	Technological development is necessary to reduce environmental impacts; however, the reductions achieved are being offset by increasing consumption. Without a mechanism to restrain consumption, it will be difficult to solve these problems.
W196	[-]	Asia	Japan	Other	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts 9. Education and public awareness-raising	Given the scale and extent of the impacts, I believe strong government leadership is essential above all. It is regrettable that some major powers have withdrawn from international cooperation on environmental issues. At the same time, since it is humanity as a whole that must implement the necessary measures, it is also important to promote individual behavioral change, education, and public awareness so that people can better understand global challenges and take action accordingly.
W211	Shinichi Sakamoto	Asia	Japan	Central government	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	The pursuit of profit is part of human nature. Even if we try to overcome it through reason, there are limits. I believe that aligning policy directions with this aspect of human nature will lead to effective measures. At the same time, efforts led by only a small group of people will quickly reach their limits. Policy approaches that can become universal values shared by many people, together with international cooperation, are essential.
W215	[-]	Asia	Japan	Corporation	70s and above	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 9. Education and public awareness-raising	Environmental policies promoted by governments cannot become truly committed and determined measures under the current political leadership. It is important for the media and public discourse to raise awareness and sound the alarm about the crisis facing humanity and the planet.
W222	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 4. Technological innovation 11. Others (please specify)	I believe confusion is being caused by companies being forced to revise their targets within short periods and by inconsistencies in government support measures. This stems from the gap between people’s ideals and reality, and therefore I believe more careful and balanced discussion on global environmental issues is needed.
W239	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts 9. Education and public awareness-raising	I believe it is important to continue both bottom-up and top-down actions.
W271	[-]	Asia	Japan	Corporation	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms	While individual awareness is of course important, without changes at the level of societal systems, such efforts are merely a drop in the ocean. In particular, under political leadership that shows little willingness to actively avoid wars—which can be seen as one of the greatest forms of environmental destruction—all efforts risk becoming futile.
W323	Masaaki Izumi	Asia	Japan	Other	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 4. Technological innovation 9. Education and public awareness-raising	First and foremost, I believe education and awareness-raising should be the priority. Even though temperatures continue to rise year after year, there are still people around me who doubt global warming. Through thorough education and awareness efforts, we could develop many individuals who understand environmental issues and go on to contribute to other fields. This, in turn, would help promote environmental policy and technological innovation, leading to a more hopeful outlook for addressing global environmental challenges.

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W341	Takaharu Oumi	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	While greenhouse gas emissions from large corporations are significant, there are still very few policies in place to regulate them, and a narrative seems to be emerging that “if local communities do their best, things will somehow improve.” This is not to deny the value of local initiatives, but regulations targeting major emission sources should be implemented promptly.
W368	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 4. Technological innovation 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition	Japan’s industry, economy, society, and people’s daily lives are overly dependent on foreign oil. There is a need for policies that shift toward domestic energy production and the production of chemical raw materials, as well as corporate investment aimed at development and industrialization in these areas.
W402	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 7. Local governance and the role of municipalities	Although education and awareness-raising efforts for global environmental issues have long been carried out, they can serve as a background factor for societal change but are not sufficient as a driving force in themselves. Unless systems are created in which actions are visibly and tangibly perceived as beneficial, efforts to address global environmental problems will not translate into effective action at the national or regional level.
W410	Takao Nakazawa	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	70s and above	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 4. Technological innovation	I strongly feel that a self-interest-first mindset is becoming widespread today. There are many countries that, at international climate conferences, refuse cooperation based on prioritizing their own economic interests, and many that do not even attempt to halt the development of nuclear weapons—arguably one of the greatest sources of environmental destruction. Such realities are deeply concerning for the future. In this context, I believe that international cooperation and global governance are extremely important for making even incremental progress in addressing global environmental issues.
W422	[-]	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	4. Technological innovation 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management 9. Education and public awareness-raising	In order to reconcile global environmental challenges with the prosperity of modern society, a strong sense of responsibility among businesses, as well as public education and awareness-raising, is essential. However, current science and technology alone are not sufficient to achieve these goals. Further technological innovation is needed to enable both environmental sustainability and the continued development of human society to coexist.
W435	Hidefumi Imura	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	70s and above	2. International cooperation and global governance 10. Quality and reliability of the media and information 11. Others (please specify)	A fundamental prerequisite for solving global environmental problems is world peace. The realization of an international political and social ethic that prevents war, together with the governance systems that support it, is essential. However, this foundation is currently being seriously undermined. The United Nations-centered framework for peacebuilding, which Japan has long supported as a core national principle, appears to be facing significant challenges and is no longer functioning as effectively as intended. In response, there is a growing need for policies that place greater emphasis on national interests and security considerations. At the same time, as Japan enters an era of rapid population decline and population aging, it will become increasingly important to strengthen self-reliance in food and resource systems while integrating regional revitalization with environmental conservation.
W056	Hideki Sato	Asia	Japan	University or research institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 4. Technological innovation 9. Education and public awareness-raising	Because it is necessary to address this issue through an integrated approach in which institutions, technology, and education work together as one.
K015	[-]	Asia	KOREA	NGO/NPO	40s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms	While individual efforts and changes in awareness are important, government and national-level measures with a certain degree of enforcement seem to have a greater impact.
K018	[-]	Asia	KOREA	University or Research Institution	20s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	It seems that rapid change will occur through national and governance-level transitions rather than individual mindset shifts.
K098	[-]	Asia	KOREA	University or Research Institution	30s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	The economic structure itself, which prioritizes profits, needs to change, so that companies can protect the environment. You will recognize it as an investment, not a cost. I think the government’s institutional inducements are key.
K099	[-]	Asia	KOREA	University or Research Institution	20s	5. Renewable Energy and Infrastructure Transition	Climate without fundamentally changing fossil fuel-driven Energy systems Crisis resolution is impossible. For this, large-scale infrastructure investment and cross-country cooperation are essential.

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K145	[-]	Asia	KOREA	University or Research Institution	40s	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 5. Renewable Energy and Infrastructure Transition 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	First of all, corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management are now mandatory, not optional It's been. ESG Management provides companies with environmental protection, social responsibility, and transparent governance It's a balanced way to consider and pursue long-term growth. In the past, environmental issues were considered far from corporate management. It is now a key criterion for assessing corporate sustainability Hold. Companies reduce carbon emissions, develop eco-friendly products, and are sustainable Need to actively participate in environmental protection, such as building a supply chain I think we can drive real change. Second, renewable energy and infrastructure transitions are key to Climate Change response It's an axis. Reducing fossil fuel dependence and expanding renewable energy utilization Important to enhance energy security and contribute to climate change mitigation It's a way. Renewable energy, such as solar and wind, requires little fuel input. Increase supply stability and contribute to domestic investment and job creation can. The goal of tripling the capacity of renewable energy generation facilities by 2030 Achieving this requires active and consistent policy efforts I think. Finally, economic system reform and market mechanisms are also indispensable. Because environmental issues are closely intertwined with economic development, fundamental We need to change the economic system. It is important to encourage market mechanisms to contribute to solving environmental problems Think. For example, market-based approaches such as carbon emissions trading or carbon taxes The way to encourage companies to voluntarily reduce carbon emissions You can. In addition, competitive bidding and market-based procurement are required to expand renewable energy It acts as a key power. Through these market mechanisms, as an environmentally friendly economic system I think switching is the ultimate goal. The sustainable future of the Earth only when these three elements work in harmony You can make it.
K151	[-]	Asia	KOREA	Central Government	30s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 5. Renewable Energy and Infrastructure Transition 8. Individual Behavior and Lifestyle Shifts	Because environmental issues have a significant impact on national policy and direction I think the role of government is the most important. In addition, the transition to renewable energy is key to GHG reduction. Lifestyle changes must be made together to make substantial changes possible Judged.
K164	[-]	Asia	KOREA	University or Research Institution	40s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance	Government Environmental Policy and Leadership: Schematics and Implementation of Change Voluntary participation of individuals and companies is also important, but the system of society as a whole Changing is, after all, the government's strong policy. Enforceability and Effectiveness: Introduction of carbon tax, regulation of disposable products, Renewable energy transition Legally binding policies, such as setting goals, are those of economic subjects Instantly changes behavior. Innovation: The Government has a Massive budget on Eco-friendly Technology(R&D) By committing and subsidizing, companies are sustainable for the future Create an environment where you can invest in technology. Formation of national sympathy: Environmental protection economy by taking leadership To present a vision of 'Green Growth', not a stumbling block to growth When social consensus can be drawn.
K201	[-]	Asia	KOREA	[-]	40s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	1. Government Environmental Policy and Leadership - Reason: 'compass'to determine the speed and direction of change - The government allocates resources throughout society through legal regulation and incentives It is the only subject that can be determined. 2. International Cooperation and Global Governance - Reason: 'Joint Response System'of environmental problems without boundaries - Climate change and marine pollution do not cross borders. If a country's success is to lead to the success of humanity as a whole, it is at a global level Commitment is essential. 3. Corporate Environmental Responsibility and ESG Management - Reason: 'Engine'driving practical implementation and technological innovation - Practical technologies to solve environmental problems(renewable energy, batteries The main character is a company that develops and applies to the scene (carbon capture, etc.).

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K283	[-]	Asia	KOREA	Central Government	40s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 5. Renewable Energy and Infrastructure Transition 8. Individual Behavior and Lifestyle Shifts	As environmental problems are difficult to solve by individual efforts, the government I think strong policy and practical implementation are the most important. Carbon neutral policies, expansion of renewable energy, support for eco-friendly industries, etc. The direction of the national level must be set, and the whole society will change together I feel that I can. In addition, the transformation of renewable energy and eco-friendly infrastructure is a must for future generations I think it's a necessary task. Reduce fossil fuel-oriented structure and be sustainable for solar, wind, and electric vehicles We need to Switch to energy systems to Be more effective in the Climate Crisis I think I can respond. Finally, environmental issues are eventually connected to our lifestyle Because of this, I think individual behavior change is also important. Small practices such as reducing disposable products, eco-friendly consumption, and energy saving We believe that gathering can lead to changes in society as a whole.
K397	[-]	Asia	KOREA	University or Research Institution	30s	2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 5. Renewable Energy and Infrastructure Transition	Environmental issues eventually 'prioritize growth over sustainability' It is a byproduct of the current economic system. Imposition of substantial costs on carbon emissions (carbon tax, etc.), eco-friendly The logic of the market, such as providing significant incentives for production methods Structurally, the more eco-friendly it is, the more profitable it is It needs to change. Only then can the behavior of companies and individuals be truly changed.
K403	[-]	Asia	KOREA	University or Research Institution	20s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership	Because the government's environmental policies change the quartile of companies
R311	[-]	Eastern and Central Europe	SLOVENIA	University or Research Institution	50s	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management 9. Education and public awareness-raising	The economy is based on overexploitation, driving global changes. The model of economy including associated wars needs to be changed / seriously revised to reduce our load on a planet.
K132	[-]	Eastern and Central Europe		Local Government	30s	6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management 8. Individual Behavior and Lifestyle Shifts 9. Education and public awareness-raising Raising	I think that in the end, if a person changes, everything changes, so personal behavior and I chose education~ Since I was a child, my sensitivity to the environment I think it's really important to learn naturally. One little habit you learn at school can remain for a lifetime. And companies that make the stuff we use every day should be responsible I think our choices are wider. I want to change the reality that eco-friendly products are expensive and hesitant.!
R079	[-]	Mexico, Central America & the Caribbean	MEXICO	other	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 8. Individual behavior change and lifestyle shifts 9. Education and public awareness-raising	Individual behaviour change and education go hand in hand, but need to be encouraged and backed up by policies and government leadership.
K396	[-]	Mexico, Central America & the Caribbean		Local Government	30s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 5. Renewable Energy and Infrastructure Transition 8. Individual Behavior and Lifestyle Shifts	Because environmental problems are difficult to solve with individual efforts, the government I think policy and practical support are important. In addition, in order to realize carbon neutral, renewable energy expansion and eco-friendly Infrastructure building is essential. At the same time, the practice of individuals who want to change their daily consumption and lifestyle habits I think sustainable change is possible when it comes together.
R190	[-]	Oceania	AUSTRALIA	other	60s	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management 11. Others (please specify)	Proper democratic processes that are not corrupted by corporate lobbyists and political donations.
R478	Prof. Emeritus Grahame Webb	Oceania	AUSTRALIA	Corporation	70s and above	9. Education and public awareness-raising 10. Quality and reliability of the media and information 11. Others (please specify)	Objective presentation of status. There are way too many organisations and institutions benefiting economically by promoting doomsday outcomes for biodiversity and people. Let's face it, sea levels have risen over 100m in last 10,000 years due to massive climate change. Our ability to adapt to changes that may occur is arguably needed.
R547	Prof. Emeritus Raymond Thomas Wills	Oceania	AUSTRALIA	Corporation	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 4. Technological innovation 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition	Progress is being pulled forward by the rapid deployment of renewables, storage and electrification, particularly in China and increasingly across the Global South. These technologies are now the fastest-growing energy options in history and are beginning to reshape infrastructure, investment flows and urban systems
R507	Dr. Christopher E Buddenhagen	Oceania	NEW ZEALAND	University or Research Institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition 6. Corporate environmental responsibility and ESG management	Government still prioritises roads over public good science, while climate policy swings with politics-the current party even scrapped the carbon market plan. Electricity privatisation has raised costs. New proposals back costly gas imports and expand mining in protected areas, largely benefiting companies over the public.
R147	Prof. Emeritus Ian Colquhoun	USA & Canada	CANADA	University or Research Institution	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 9. Education and public awareness-raising 11. Others (please specify)	Corporations need to aggressively pursue Life Cycle Assessment (LSA) analyses of their production streams. Excess and non-recyclable packaging produces huge amounts of plastic garbage. This only adds to the problem of micro-plastics entering ecosystems, and potentially impacting human health.
R169	[-]	USA & Canada	CANADA	NGO/NPO	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms	Governmental policies, internation cooperation, reforming out current economic system and ensuring corporations are held accountable are critical to solving issues of climate change and biodiversity loss.
R389	Mr. Cliff Wallis	USA & Canada	CANADA	Corporation	70s and above	3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition 11. Others (please specify)	This is really an all of the above. We are in a crisis situation for climate and biodiversity and inequality is growing. Economic system reform and renewable energy and infrastructure transition have been top areas of where effort needs to be made. Quality and reliability of the media and information would be third but Others was chosen to encompass the rest.

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R054	Ms. Anne Petermann	USA & Canada	USA	NGO/NPO	50s	9. Education and public awareness-raising 10. Quality and reliability of the media and information 11. Others (please specify)	Mobilization of the public utilizing protest and disruption to force change at higher levels. Historically, this has been a key piece of major change. Without it, policy changes are not possible.
R074	[-]	USA & Canada	USA	NGO/NPO	30s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 11. Others (please specify)	Socio-econo-political change, including towards degrowth or post-growth economies.
R097	[-]	USA & Canada	USA	other	60s	2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition	Meaningful change will not be possible without economic policies that address poverty and inequality.
R396	Dr. Christopher Dunn	USA & Canada	USA	University or Research Institution	70s and above	2. International cooperation and global governance 7. Local governance and the role of municipalities 11. Others (please specify)	Building trust among stakeholders, general public, governments, Indigenous Peoples, etc. is paramount. The greatest global challenge is one of the three crises (climate, biodiversity, pollution), but trust. Until groups and individuals build trust, nothing much can happen.
R441	Dr. Padini Nirmal	USA & Canada	USA	NGO/NPO	40s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 11. Others (please specify)	Current right-wing governments are the greatest ecological security threat to our collective planetary survival. A shift in policies towards a 'just transition', rule of law, world peace, decentralizing environmental governance and management to local governments, citizen science infrastructure and securing a free press, are critical to securing our shared future.
R455	[-]	Western Europe	GERMANY	NGO/NPO	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 5. Renewable energy and infrastructure transition 9. Education and public awareness-raising	Raising public awareness is paramount for the election of appropriate government
R291	[-]	Western Europe	SWITZERLAND	University or Research Institution	60s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership	A strong legal framework is crucial for any solutions for solving environmental issues. The absence or weakening of environmental laws has devastating effects.
R043	[-]	Western Europe	UK	University or Research Institution	50s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 2. International cooperation and global governance 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms	The rise of populist governments that focus on short term economic benefits without foundational thinking about climate change and how the world is interconnected are one of the biggest threats to the world today.
R486	Dr. Raquel Negrao	Western Europe	UK	NGO/NPO	40s	1. Government environmental policies and leadership 3. Economic system reform and market mechanisms 11. Others (please specify)	Global reform of legal systems to establish and enforce anti-war legislation; ensure climate and environmental justice; protect the right to protest against climate and war crimes; and uphold migration rights for survival and access to essential resources.